

#### **Appearance**

Compliant (viscous) sealing glass is white colored in powder form.

#### **Chemical Composition (by weight)**

Boron oxide (B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	32.37 - 39.57 %
Barium oxide (BaO)	31.69 - 38.73 %
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	13.5 - 17.5 %
Strontium oxide (SrO)	4.76 - 7.14 %
Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	4.68 - 7.02 %
Calcium oxide (CaO)	2.58 - 3.86 %

# **Physical Properties**

Specific Gravity	3.2 (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
Glass Transition Temperature	624 ± 10 °C
Softening Temperature (T <sub>d</sub> )	660 ± 10 °C

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion 7.72 x  $10^{-6}$  /°C (50 - 500 °C)

Interfacial Bond Strength (Shear)

23.2 MPa
Interfacial Bond Strength (Tensile)

14.1 MPa
Dielectric Constant (1kHz, RT)

7.51

Loss Tangent (1kHz, RT)

0.0077

# **Recommended Firing Conditions**

Ramp to 850 °C and hold for 2 to 4 hours. Heating or cooling rate: 3 to 10 °C/min

### **Applications**

Operational Temperature: up to 850 °C

The typical application of GL1681 sealing glass is to seal ceramics and metals at high temperatures. Common applications of sealing glass include: solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs), solar cells, sodium ion batteries, high-temperature sensors, and other sealing, bonding, or coating applications.