

Appearance

Glass-ceramic sealing glass is white colored in powder form.

Chemical Composition (by weight)

| Strontium oxide (SrO) | 31.09 - 37.99 % |
|--|-----------------|
| Silica (SiO ₂) | 30.52 - 37.30 % |
| Zinc oxide (ZnO) | 24.43 - 29.85 % |
| Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃) | 2.08 - 3.16 % |
| Boron oxide (B ₂ O ₃) | 0.79 - 2.79 % |

Physical Properties

| Specific Gravity | 3.5 (g/cm ³) |
|--|---|
| Glass Transition Temperature | 670 ± 10 °C |
| Crystallization Temperature | 880 ± 10 °C |
| Softening Temperature (Td) | 697 ± 10 °C |
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (annealed glass) | 7.9 x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C (50 - 500 °C) |
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (crystallized) | 8.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C (200 - 900 °C) |
| Interfacial Bond Strength (Shear) | 15.4 MPa |
| Interfacial Bond Strength (Tensile) | 10.7 MPa |
| Dielectric Constant (1kHz, RT) (annealed glass) | 9.28 |
| Loss Tangent (1kHz, RT) (annealed glass) | 0.0156 |

Recommended Firing Conditions

Ramp to 800 °C and hold for 2 hours, then ramp to 900 °C and hold for 2 hours. Heating/cooling rate: 3 to 10 °C/min

Applications

Operational Temperature: up to 1200 °C

The typical application of GL1702 sealing glass is to seal ceramics at high temperatures. Common applications of sealing glass include: solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs), solar cells, sodium ion batteries, high-temperature sensors, and other sealing, bonding, or coating applications.