

#### **Appearance**

Compliant (viscous) sealing glass that is gray colored in powder form.

# **Chemical Composition (by weight)**

Boron oxide (B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	34.37 - 45.62 %
Barium oxide (BaO)	29.91 - 36.55 %
Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	9.91 - 12.11 %
Strontium oxide (SrO)	4.48 - 6.72 %
Zinc oxide (ZnO)	3.52 - 5.28 %
Calcium oxide (CaO)	2.42 - 3.64 %
Nickel oxide (NiO)	0.66 - 0.98 %
Cobalt oxide (CoO)	0.33 - 0.49 %

### **Physical Properties**

Specific Gravity	3.2 (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
Glass Transition Temperature	563 ± 10 °C
Softening Temperature (T <sub>d</sub> )	598 ± 10 °C
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	$8.0 \pm 1 \times 10^{-6}  / ^{\circ}\text{C}  (50 - 500  ^{\circ}\text{C})$
Interfacial Bond Strength (Shear)	18.0 MPa
Interfacial Bond Strength (Tensile)	12.4 MPa
Dielectric Constant (1kHz, RT)	7.52
Loss Tangent (1kHz, RT)	0.0038

# **Recommended Firing Conditions**

Ramp to between 800  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 850  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and hold between 2 to 4 hours.

Heating/ cooling rate: 3 to 10°C/minute

### **Applications**

Operational Temperature: up to 800 °C

The typical application of GL1705 sealing glass is to seal ceramics and metals at high temperatures. Common applications of sealing glass include solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs), solar cells, sodium ion batteries, high-temperature sensors, and other sealing, bonding, or coating applications.

Technical information, recommendations, and other statements contained in this document or provided by MO SCI personnel are based on tests or experience that MO SCI believes are reliable, but the accuracy or completeness of such information is not guaranteed. Such information is intended for persons with knowledge and technical skills sufficient to assess and apply their own informed judgment to the information.